

ARIZONA DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY AND MILITARY AFFAIRS

DIVISION OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

5636 East McDowell Road, Phoenix, Arizona 85008-3495 (602) 244-0504 1-800-411-2336



July 17, 2009

The Honorable President Robert Burns Arizona State Senate 1700 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Mr. President,

On behalf of the Governor, I am pleased to submit the FY2009 Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2009 Report.

A.R.S. §35-192, E, requires that on August 1st a report of the activities conducted by the council shall be prepared. This report describes the Gubernatorial proclamations of FY2009, proclamations that were terminated, those continuing actions taken by the State Emergency Council, and include attachments detailing expenditures by event and type.

During the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009, there were two proclamations that provided financial and technical assistance to the City of Nogales, Santa Cruz County and the Havasupai Tribe.

The Department of Emergency and Military Affairs is the lead state agency for disaster preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation and provides critical support to the citizens of the state and its political subdivisions through the Arizona National Guard and the Division of Emergency Management. If you have any specific questions regarding this report please contact Ms. Wendy Smith-Reeve at 602-464-6357.

Sincerely,

Hugo E. Salazar

Major General, AZ ARNG

Director

CC: Victor Daniels, Policy Advisor Urban Outreach & Military Affairs

Enclosed: Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2009 Report

Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2009 Report

FY2009 July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2009 In compliance with section §35-192E of the Arizona Revised Statutes, the following report is a summary of obligations, allocations and expenditures of state funds under the authority granted by the State Legislature in §35-192E, Arizona Revised Statutes. The report represents the actions taken by the Governor and the Arizona State Emergency Council (Council) in response to Arizona's emergency needs during FY2009 from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009.

I. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS DECLARED

As a result of emergency situations, which were beyond the capability and resources of local government, two Gubernatorial proclamations were declared during FY2009.

A. NOGALES WASH 2008 EMERGENCY (29001)

On July 15, 2008, the Governor declared a state of emergency for flooding in the Nogales Wash, Santa Cruz County. Beginning July 6, 2008, rain water flowed down the hills of Nogales in Sonora, Mexico that emptied at flood levels into the Nogales Wash in Nogales, Sonora and into Nogales, Arizona where they joined high water already collecting from additional precipitation in the area.

The wash flood control system and infrastructure in the general area of Morley Avenue and Bankard Street was no longer able to sustain normal traffic due to the loss of several concrete floor panels. The deterioration of the Nogales Wash put the International Outfall Interceptor (IOI) in jeopardy of exposure, thereby risking a breach to the line that carries 14 million gallons of untreated sewage into Arizona daily.

Total allocations in the amount of \$206,008 were made from the Governor's Emergency Fund to this emergency.

B. HAVASUPAI RESERVATION FLOODING (29002)

On October 6, 2008, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for the Havasupai Reservation due to the intense thunderstorms and heavy rain over the area of the City of Williams and the Grand Canyon from August 15 -17, 2008. These rains resulted in significant flooding on the Cataract Creek and the Havasupai Reservation. Approximately 600 tourists and residents were stranded in Havasu Creek Canyon and search and rescue operations from multiple public safety agencies were called into action.

The proclamation directed all state agencies with resources available to support the Havasupai Tribe to coordinate within their department Tribal Consultation Policy and encouraged the federal government to provide the necessary economic and infrastructure recovery assistance.

There were no Governor's Emergency Funds allocated to this emergency.

II. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS TERMINATED

A. LA PAZ COUNTY SUMMER MONSOON EMERGENCY (26004)

Declared: September 16, 2005 Terminated: July 14, 2008

B. NOGALES WASH 2007 EMERGENCY (28001)

Declared: August 28, 2007 Terminated: July 14, 2008

C. SEPTEMBER TERRORISM INCIDENT (22002)

Declared: September 12, 2001 Terminated: May 19, 2009

D. FOREST HEALTH EMERGENCY (23003)

Declared: May 22, 2003 Terminated: May 19, 2009

E. AZ-MEXICO INTERNATIONAL BORDER SECURITY EMERGENCY (26001)

Declared: August 15, 2005 Terminated: May 19, 2009

F. GLASSY-WINGED SHARPSHOOTER (26008)

Declared: June 23, 2006 Terminated: May 19, 2009

G. NOGALES WASH 2008 EMERGENCY (29001)

Declared: July 15, 2008 Terminated: May 19, 2009

H. HAVASUPAI RESERVATION FLOODING (29002)

Declared: July 15, 2008 Terminated: May 19, 2009

III. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS CONTINUING

A. STATEWIDE DROUGHT EMERGENCY (99006)

On June 23, 1999, the Governor proclaimed an emergency due to the lack of precipitation, which significantly reduced surface and ground water supplies and stream flows. On May 9, 2006, the United States Department of Agriculture declared a natural disaster for 14 Arizona counties (except La Paz) for low interest loans to farm operators. On May 19, 2006, the Small Business Administration made low interest disaster loans available to small, non-farm businesses in 15 Arizona Counties plus the contiguous counties in the surrounding states. These loans offset economic losses because of reduced revenues to farmers and ranchers caused by drought. No allocation from the Governor's Emergency Fund has been made. This proclamation is extended until further notice.

B. ARIZONA 2000 FLOOD EMERGENCY (21104) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1347-AZ)

On October 23, 2000, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for severe thunderstorms and heavy rains. The emergency incident period was October 21, 2000 through November 8, 2000. A Presidential disaster declaration was requested and received on October 27, 2000 (FEMA-1347-DR-AZ). Cochise, La Paz, Maricopa, Pinal and Santa Cruz Counties were declared for Public

Assistance, as well as the Gila River Indian Community. La Paz, Maricopa and Pinal Counties were given Individual Assistance. Mitigation Assistance was granted statewide. All of the applicants have been closed out. ADEM is in the process of closing out the disaster with DHS/FEMA.

Allocations from the Governor's Emergency Fund to date are \$1,511,608.

C. RODEO/CHEDISKI FIRE EMERGENCY (22006) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1422-AZ)

On June 19, 2002, the Governor proclaimed a state of emergency in support of the political subdivisions of Arizona for the consequences of the Rodeo Fire, which started near the town of Cibeque on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On July 1, 2002, the Governor amended the proclamation to include the Chediski Fire near the Chediski Mountain on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On June 25, 2002, the President declared the Rodeo/Chediski Fire a major disaster, providing Public Assistance for the State of Arizona, Navajo and Apache Counties and the Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. Individual Assistance was available for Navajo, Apache, Gila and Coconino Counties and the Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. The Hazard Mitigation Grant Program was made available statewide.

All applicants in FEMA's Individual and Family Grant Program and the Public Assistance Program have been closed out. ADEM is in the process of closing out these disaster programs with DHS/FEMA.

Total allocations from the Governor's Emergency Fund are \$1,803,304.68.

D. ASPEN FIRE EMERGENCY (23004) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1477-AZ)

On June 17, 2003 the Aspen Fire ignited in Pima County. On June 19, 2003 the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Pima County. On June 24, 2003, the Governor amended the proclamation to include Pinal County. On July 14, 2003 the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration for Pima County for the Aspen Fire. The Federal Declaration approved Public Assistance and Mitigation Assistance. No Individual Assistance was approved.

Total allocations for this emergency are \$1,215,575.

E. NORTHERN ARIZONA WINTER STORM EMERGENCY (25004) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1581-AZ)

Arizona was impacted by a series of strong winter storms December 28, 2004 – January 12, 2005. Large amounts of rain and record levels of snow received during the initial storm were followed by January storms that tapped into warm, moist Pacific air. Rapid snow melt occurred as warm rains fell on snow at midlevel elevations, which, along with the rain falling on already saturated ground resulted in widespread flooding throughout the northern and central parts of the state. Arizona residents suffered both loss of life and property damage.

On December 29, 2005 the Governor declared a state of emergency for the Northern Arizona Winter Storm Emergency for Coconino County followed by 3 amendments on December 30, 2004 to include Yavapai County, on January 4,

2005 to include Gila and Navajo Counties and on January 11, 2005 to include Apache, Maricopa and Mohave Counties.

On February 17, 2005, the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1581-DR-AZ) for Public Assistance and Mitigation Programs for Coconino, Gila, Mohave, Navajo and Yavapai Counties and the Hopi and Navajo Nations. The Tribal Governments work directly with DHS/FEMA and provide their own non-federal cost share. The Small Business Administration (SBA) declared an emergency for Mohave, Coconino, La Paz and Yavapai Counties, making low interest loans available to homeowners, renters, businesses of all sizes and private, non-profit organizations whose property was damaged or destroyed by the storms.

Total obligations from the Governor's Emergency Fund are \$2,331,448.

F. FEBRUARY 2005 WINTER STORMS & FLOODING EMERGENCY (25005) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1586-AZ)

On February 16, 2005 the Governor declared a state of emergency due to the February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding throughout central and eastern Arizona. Gila, Graham, Greenlee, Pinal and Yavapai Counties and the Town of Wickenburg (Maricopa County) all declared and were included in the Governor's declaration. On March 8, 2005, the declaration was amended to include all of Maricopa County and Mohave County.

On April 14, 2005 the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1586-DR-AZ) for Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation Grant Programs for the counties of Gila, Graham, Greenlee, Mohave, Pinal and Yavapai; the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the San Carlos Apache Tribe and the portion of the Navajo Tribal Nation within the State of Arizona. The Tribal Governments work directly with DHS/FEMA and provide their own non-federal cost share. Maricopa County was not included in the Federal declaration.

The total estimated state obligation is \$4,819,288; current allocations are \$4,147,689 leaving an estimated \$671,599 in outstanding state obligations that will require funding in future fiscal years.

G. OPERATION GOOD NEIGHBOR (26003) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-EM-3241-AZ)

On September 3, 2005, the Governor declared a state of emergency in support of Hurricane Katrina, Arizona's Operation Good Neighbor. The Governor was requested by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to assist with the national state of emergency due to the catastrophic consequences of Hurricane Katrina. The state accepted this mission and committed to welcoming evacuees with open arms and providing them with food, shelter, transportation, health and medical services, schools for the children, job training, jobs and other assistance with their short and long term needs. The first evacuees arrived in Arizona on September 4, 2005. Currently, there are approximately 2,800 registered households living in Arizona.

Several volunteer, private and public organizations continue to donate a multitude of resources both financial and material. The outpouring of the caring

citizens of Arizona was tremendous. As well, a number of state agencies participated with staff and resources.

The actual eligible costs for Operation Good Neighbor were reimbursed 100% by FEMA. The Governor's declaration included an allocation of \$200,000. The Council allocated \$750,000 on September 12, 2005. The Council reverted \$700,000 back to the Governor's Emergency Fund on June 23, 2006. ADEM is in the process of closing out the disaster with DHS/FEMA.

H. SUMMER 2006 MONSOONS & FLOODING EMERGENCY (27001) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1660-AZ)

On August 8, 2006, the Governor declared a state of emergency for a series of monsoon thunderstorms, spawning hail, damaging winds and flash floods throughout southeastern Arizona, specifically Pinal and Pima Counties from July 25 — August 4, 2006 and allocated \$200,000 to this emergency. Areas of the Santa Cruz, San Pedro and Gila watersheds exceeded their 1993 flood stages in portions of Pinal, Pima, Cochise, Graham and Gila Counties. On September 13, 2006, the Governor amended the declaration to include Gila, Graham, Greenlee and Navajo Counties. Five Tribal Governments were also heavily impacted by the emergency: the Gila River Indian Community, the Hopi Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the San Carlos Apache Tribe and the Tohono O'Odham Nation.

On September 7, 2006, the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1660-DR-AZ) for Pinal and Pima Counties, the Gila River Indian Community within Pinal County, and the Tohono O'Odham Nation within Pima and Pinal Counties. The declaration was amended on September 29, 2006 to include Gila, Graham, Greenlee and Navajo Counties, the tribal areas of the Hopi Tribe within Navajo County, the Navajo Nation within Navajo County, and the San Carlos Apache Tribe within Gila, Graham and Pinal Counties. On November 9, 2006, the declaration was amended to include the Navajo Nation within Apache and Coconino Counties.

The current cost estimate for the damages to Political Subdivisions of the state is in excess of \$16,500,000. The Arizona Division of Emergency Management worked with the applicants to prepare the Project Worksheets for the eligible damages and forwarded them to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for approval. The estimated cost share for the State of Arizona is \$2,660,434. FEMA cost share is 75% of eligible costs; the state cost share is 15% for Political Subdivisions and 25% for state agencies. The Tribal Governments are responsible for the 25% non-federal share.

Total allocations to this emergency are \$1,926,217 to date with a total estimate of \$2,409,278 in state obligations. An additional \$653,061 will be required in future fiscal years to cover the state's obligation.

I. MONSOON 2007 EMERGENCY (28002)

On September 14, 2008, the Governor declared a state of emergency for a series of potent monsoon storms and flash floods throughout several communities in Arizona, specifically Mohave County, the Town of Cave Creek and the Town of Mammoth from July 21 – August 6, 2007 and allocated \$200,000 to this emergency.

Several major roads throughout Arizona, specifically Cochise, Gila, Navajo, Pima, Pinal and Santa Cruz Counties that are classified as "rural major collector" or above by the United States Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration ("USFHWA") were damaged. The Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) requested the USFHWA to invoke their Emergency Relief (ER) Program and ADOT received approval for the ER Program. ADOT continues to administer and coordinate the ER Program. The Governor's Emergency Fund does not have any financial obligation for these projects.

Total funds allocated to this emergency to date are \$411,640.

J. JANUARY 2008 SEVERE PRECIPITATION EMERGENCY (28003)

On February 19, 2008, the Governor declared a state of emergency for a series of weather systems that moved across the State and deposited significant amounts of snow and rainfall. The hardest hit and impacted beyond their capability was Mt. Lemmon within Pima County that received 8.5 inches of precipitation within a 24-hour period. Damages to roads left residents stranded in their homes, limited access to food and medical assistance and damaged potable water supply lines which impacted transmission and distribution of potable water to homes.

Total allocations to this emergency to date are \$322,500.

IV. ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL AND MEETINGS

A. THE ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP:

- Governor
- Secretary of State
- Attorney General
- Adjutant General, Department of Emergency and Military Affairs
- Director, Division of Emergency Management
- · Director, Department of Health Services
- Director, Department of Transportation
- Director, Department of Public Safety
- Director, Department of Agriculture
- Director, Department of Environmental Quality
- Director, Department of Water Resources
- Director, Department of Administration
- President, Arizona State Senate (Advisory Member)
- Speaker, Arizona House of Representatives (Advisory Member)

B. THE ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL MEETING AND ACTIONS:

December 15, 2008 Meeting

 PROPOSAL #1: Supplemental funding for the Northern AZ Winter Storm Emergency (25004).

- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$206,968 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #2: Supplemental funding for the Monsoon 2007 Emergency (28002).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$40,015 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #3: Supplemental funding for the January 2008 Severe Precipitation Emergency (28003).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$122,500 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #4: Supplemental funding for the Nogales Wash 2008 Emergency (29001).
 COUNCIL ACTION: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$6,008 for this proposal.

May 21, 2009 Meeting

- PROPOSAL #1: Supplemental funding for the Monsoon 2007 Emergency (28002).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$10,000 for this proposal.
- <u>PROPOSAL #2</u>: Supplemental funding for the Search and Rescue Contingency (70100).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$110,000 for this proposal.

V. CONTINGENCIES

A. STATEWIDE SEARCH AND RESCUE CONTINGENCY (70100)

There were 693 search and rescue mission identifiers issued to County Sheriffs for field operations during FY2009. County Sheriffs and State support agencies had a total reimbursement cost of \$295,229.50. The Governor allocated \$200,000 on September 10, 2008 and the State Emergency Council approved an additional \$110,000 on May 21, 2009. The total allocations received for this contingency during FY2009 were used to pay claims received.

B. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CONTINGENCY (80100)

There was one (1) hazardous materials incident response supported by the Governor's HAZMAT Contingency Fund during the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009 for \$240.57. These costs were reimbursement for State support agencies; reimbursement for overtime costs for the department responding to the incident will process in FY2010 and will be reported accordingly. The reimbursement requests supported by this contingency fund reflect overtime costs for departments that were responding to declared hazmat emergencies which did not result in the responsible party being identified or the ability to

support claims against them. There were no funding allocations made for the Hazardous Materials Contingency within fiscal year 2009.

VI. GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES

• See attached Table 1

VII. GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND EXPENDITURES

• See attached Table 2

TABLE 1
GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES
JULY 1, 2008 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2009

State Acct. Number PCA	Emergency Declaration		Starting Balance	FY 2009 Allocations		Reversion of Funds	ŭ	Expenditures	=	Balance June 30, 2009
70100	Search and Rescue	↔	9,443.59	\$ 310,000.00	00:		€>	295,229.50	₩	24,214.09
	Statewide Hazardous		9					5		
80100	Materials	S	53,819.81		1		S	240.57	S	53,579.24
21104	Arizona 2000 Flood Emergency	ь	164 134 54		- W- 100140		¥	97 651 42	¥	66 483 12
10.17	Rodeo/Chediski	>	10:10				•	21:100,10	•	20, 100
22006	Fire Emergency	ઝ	319,102.19				\$	(8,179.11)	↔	327,281.30
,	Aspen Fire						1		,	
23004	Emergency	\$	661,542.68				S	(199,257.34)	Ð	860,800.02
	Mitigation Projects									
24105	2004 Emergency Funds	ઝ	81,654.53				S	4,264.16	S	77,390.37
	Northern Arizona Winter							8		
25004	Storm Emergency	ઝ	249,756.56	\$ 206,968.00	3.00		8	297,649.88	s	159,074.68
	February 2005 Winter									
25005	Storms and Flooding	ક	762,392.36				s	231,673.52	ક્ક	530,718.84
	AZ/Mexico Internat'l Border	2000								
26001	Security Emergency	क	128,666.38		\$	7,241.56	ક્ક	121,424.82	ક્ક	1
			o					1		
26003	Operation Good Neighbor	ઝ	154,594.83				↔	2,079.02	S	152,515.81
26004	La Paz County Summer Monsoon Emergency	€.	55.243.94			55.067.66	69	176.28	69	ļ
	Glassy-Winged						L			
26008	Sharpshooter Infestation	↔	251,190.89		₩	175,742.73	₩.	75,448.16	\$	
	Summer 2006	3						3 3 3 4 4 4	3	
27001	Monsoons & Flooding	8	1,295,686.02		+		s	389,765.61	क	905,920.41
7000		E	0000				€	7	E	
78001	Nogales wash Emergency	A	70,236.66		O	00,790.00	Ð	1,403.32	0	1
28002	Monsoon 2007 Emergency	↔	131,785.85	\$ 50,015.00	00.5		₩	169,025.93	↔	12,774.92
3 000	January 2008 Severe		300000000000000000000000000000000000000	The state of the s						
28003	Precipitation Emergency	4	172,635.49	\$ 122,500.00	00.0		ક	27,529.92	4	267,605.57
29001	Nogales Wash Flooding 2008	↔	ı	\$ 206,008.00	3.00 \$	2,327.32	69	203,680.68	13	IZ homela il
Total		\$	\$ 4,561,908.54	\$ 895,491.00	1.00	309,174.83	\$ 1	\$ 1,709,866.34	\$3	\$ 3,438,358.37

TABLE 2 GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND EXPENDITURES JULY 1, 2008 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2009

\$ 1,709,000.34	7C.661 'CO &	4	\$ 14,124.40	\$ 1,267,900.47	4	\$ 15,161.01	\$ 16,594.82	\$ 49,995.97	\$ 260,890.07		lotal
8) 7.002	3,586.21			186,007.89		69			11,433.36	Nogales Wash Emergency 2008	29001
\$ 27,529.92	\$ 2,285.85		\$ 10.02	\$ 15,893.35		\$ 487.62		\$ 1,411.14	\$ 7,441.94	January 2008 Severe Precipitation Emergency	28003
\$ 169,025.93	\$ 7,678.65		\$ 64.87	\$ 132,723.04		\$ 201.53		\$ 4,233.98	\$ 24,123.86	Monsoon 2007 Emergency	28002
\$ 1,463.32	\$ 739.37		\$ 13.80			\$ 138.41		\$ 91.54	\$ 480.20	Nogales Wash Emergency	28001
\$ 389,765.61	\$ 29,021.00		\$ 6,477.22	\$ 250,168.83		\$ 1,378.89		\$ 16,245.69	\$ 86,473.98	Summer 2006 Monsoons & Flooding	27001
\$ 75,448.16	\$ 290.76			\$ 74,039.12				\$ 149.57	\$ 968.71	d Infestation	26008
\$ 176.28			\$ 11.97	1000				\$ 28.73	\$ 135.58	Summer gency	26004
\$ 2,079.02	\$ 426.34		\$ (4,020.20)	\$ 670.91			\$ 5,000.09	\$ 0.34	\$ 1.54	g	26003
\$ 121,424.82	\$ 179.55		\$ 40.85	\$ 114,774.67			\$ 5,574.90	\$ 150.93	\$ 703.92	AZ/Mexico Internat'l Border Security Emergency	26001
\$ 231,673.52	\$ 22,336.12		\$ 1,565.88	\$ 117,938.86		\$ 3,966.99	\$ 646.20	\$ 14,171.52	\$ 71,047.95		25005
\$ 297,649.88	\$ 15,711.94		\$ 1,271.22	\$ 212,740.50		\$ 7,415.59	\$ 392.64	\$ 9,932.19	\$ 50,185.80 \$		25004
\$ 4,264.16	\$ 47.83						\$ 3,752.07	\$ 82.16	\$ 382.10	rojects jency Funds	24105
\$ (199,257.34)	\$ 2,843.22			\$ (211,595.58)		\$ 934.78	\$ 129.79	\$ 1,099.89	\$ 7,330.56 \$		23004
\$ (8,179.11)	\$ 74.49			\$ (8,502.70)			\$ 43.17	\$ 36.22	\$ 169.71 \$	diski ency	22006
\$ 97,651.42	\$ 0.23			\$ 97,256.61			\$ 394.58			Arizona 2000 Flood Emergency	21104
\$ 240.57	\$ (22.28)						\$ 252.47	\$ 1.83	8.55	Statewide Hazardous Materials	80100
\$ 295,229.50	\$ 0.24		\$ 8,688.85	\$ 285,784.97			\$ 752.65	0.48	2.31 \$	Search and Rescue \$	70100
Total Expenditures	Indirect 8600/9100	Capital Equipment 8400	Other Operating Expenditures 7000	Aid To Other Operating Organization 6800 Expenditures 7000	Travel Out of State 6600	Travel In State 6500	Professional and Outside Services 6200	Employees Related Expenditures 6100	Personal Services 6011	Emergency Declaration	State Acct Number PCA