GOVERNOR

STATE OF ARIZONA Department of Emergency And Military Affairs Division of Emergency Management 5636 EAST McDOWELL ROAD PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85008-3495

(602) 244-0504 1-800-411-2336



July 31, 2007

The Honorable President Timothy S. Bee Arizona State Senate 1700 West Washington Street Phoenix, Arizona 85007

Dear Mr. President,

On behalf of the Governor, I am pleased to submit the FY2007 Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2007 Report.

A.R.S. §35-192, E. provides that each August 1st a report of the activities conducted by the council shall be prepared. This report describes the Gubernatorial proclamations of FY2007, the proclamations that were terminated, continuing, actions taken by the Emergency Council and attachments detailing expenditures by event and type.

During the period from July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007, there was one proclamation that provided financial and technical assistance to six counties, their political subdivisions and several state agencies within the designated disaster area(s): Gila, Graham, Greenlee, Navajo, Pima and Pinal. Also, included in the federal declaration were five Tribal Governments: Gila County Indian Community and Tohono O'Odham Nation within Pima and Pinal Counties, Hopi Tribe within Navajo County, Navajo Nation within Apache, Coconino and Navajo Counties and San Carlos Apache Tribe within Gila. Graham and Pinal Counties.

The Department of Emergency and Military Affairs is the lead state agency for disaster preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation and provides critical support to the citizens of the state and its political subdivisions through the Arizona National Guard and the Division of Emergency Management. If you have any specific questions regarding this report please contact Ms. Beth Zimmerman at 602-231-6310.

Sincerely,

Major General, AZ ARNG

Director

CC: Dennis Burke, Governor's Chief of Staff, Policy

Enclosed: Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2007 Report

Arizona State Emergency Council August 1, 2007 Report

FY2007 July 1, 2006 – June 30, 2007 In compliance with section §35-192E of the Arizona Revised Statutes, the following report is a summary of obligations, allocations and expenditures of state funds under the authority granted by the State Legislature in §35-192E, Arizona Revised Statutes. The report represents the actions taken by the Governor and the Arizona State Emergency Council (Council) in response to Arizona's emergency needs during FY2007 from July 1, 2006 through June 30, 2007.

I. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS DECLARED

As a result of emergency situations, which were beyond the capability and resources of local government, one Gubernatorial proclamation was declared.

A. SUMMER 2006 MONSOONS & FLOODING EMERGENCY (27001) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1660-AZ)

On August 8, 2006, the Governor declared a state of emergency for a series of monsoon thunderstorms, spawning hail, damaging winds and flash floods throughout southeastern Arizona, specifically Pinal and Pima Counties from July 25 – August 4, 2006 and allocated \$200,000 to this emergency. Areas of the Santa Cruz, San Pedro and Gila watersheds exceeded their 1993 flood stages in portions of Pinal, Pima, Cochise, Graham and Gila Counties. On September 13, 2006, the Governor amended the declaration to include Gila, Graham, Greenlee and Navajo Counties. Five Tribal Governments were also heavily impacted by the emergency: the Gila River Indian Community, the Hopi Tribe, the Navajo Nation, the San Carlos Apache Tribe and the Tohono O'Odham Nation.

On September 7, 2006, the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1660-DR-AZ) for Pinal and Pima Counties, the Gila River Indian Community within Pinal County, and the Tohono O'Odham Nation within Pima and Pinal Counties. The declaration was amended on September 29, 2006 to include Gila, Graham, Greenlee and Navajo Counties, the tribal areas of the Hopi Tribe within Navajo County, the Navajo Nation within Navajo County, and the San Carlos Apache Tribe within Gila, Graham and Pinal Counties. On November 9, 2006, the declaration was amended to include the Navajo Nation within Apache and Coconino Counties.

The current cost estimate for the damages to Political Subdivisions of the state is in excess of \$16,500,000. The Arizona Division of Emergency Management worked with the applicants to prepare the Project Worksheets for the eligible damages and forwarded them to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) for approval. The estimated cost share for the State of Arizona is \$2,560,434. FEMA cost share is 75% of eligible costs; the state cost share is 15% for Political Subdivisions and 25% for state agencies. The Tribal Governments are responsible for the 25% non-federal share.

The State Emergency Council has allocated \$1,192,000 to this emergency. An additional \$1,368,434 will be required in future fiscal years to cover the state's obligation.

II. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS TERMINATED

No emergencies were terminated in FY2007.

III. GUBERNATORIAL PROCLAMATIONS CONTINUING

A. STATEWIDE DROUGHT EMERGENCY (99006)

On June 23, 1999, the Governor proclaimed an emergency due to the lack of precipitation, which significantly reduced surface and ground water supplies and stream flows. On May 9, 2006, the United States Department of Agriculture declared a natural disaster for 14 Arizona counties (except La Paz) for low interest loans to farm operators. On May 19, 2006, the Small Business Administration made low interest disaster loans available to small, non-farm businesses in 15 Arizona Counties plus the contiguous counties in the surrounding states. These loans offset economic losses because of reduced revenues to farmers and ranchers caused by drought. No allocation from the Governor's Emergency Fund has been made. This proclamation is extended until further notice.

B. ARIZONA 2000 FLOOD EMERGENCY (21104) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1347-AZ)

On October 23, 2000, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for severe thunderstorms and heavy rains. The emergency incident period was October 21, 2000 through November 8, 2000. A Presidential disaster declaration was requested and received on October 27, 2000 (FEMA-1347-DR-AZ). Cochise, La Paz, Maricopa, Pinal and Santa Cruz Counties were declared for Public Assistance, as well as the Gila River Indian Community. La Paz, Maricopa and Pinal Counties were given Individual Assistance. Mitigation Assistance was granted statewide. All of the applicants have been closed out. ADEM is in the process of closing out the disaster with DHS/FEMA. Allocations from the Governor's Emergency Fund to date are \$1,511,608.

C. SEPTEMBER TERRORISM INCIDENT (22002)

On September 12, 2001, the Governor proclaimed a state of emergency due to the terrorist attacks in various locations throughout the United States and the heightened level of security throughout Arizona. Total allocations to this emergency were \$2,845,928. All of the applicants are closed out. This emergency will remain open indefinitely in support of the world situation.

D. RODEO/CHEDISKI FIRE EMERGENCY (22006) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1422-AZ)

On June 19, 2002, the Governor proclaimed a state of emergency in support of the political subdivisions of Arizona for the consequences of the Rodeo Fire, which started near the town of Cibeque on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On July 1, 2002, the Governor amended the proclamation to include the Chediski Fire near the Chediski Mountain on the Fort Apache Indian Reservation. On June 25, 2002, the President declared the Rodeo/Chediski Fire a major disaster, providing Public Assistance for the State of Arizona, Navajo and Apache Counties and the

Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. Individual Assistance was available for Navajo, Apache, Gila and Coconino Counties and the Fort Apache Indian Reservation within those counties. The Hazard Mitigation Grant Program was made available statewide.

All applicants in FEMA's Individual and Family Grant Program have been paid and closed out. All projects in the Public Assistance Program have been completed and are in the close out process. Total allocations from the Governor's Emergency Fund are \$1,803,304.68.

E. FOREST HEALTH EMERGENCY (23003)

On May 22, 2003, the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Forest Health for the on-going drought conditions and the infestation of the Pine Bark Beetle. The proclamation directs the Arizona State Land Department (ASLD) in conjunction with the Arizona Division of Emergency Management (ADEM), the Arizona Departments of Game and Fish, Transportation, Environmental Quality and Health Services to work with other appropriate state and local entities to expedite the clearing of dead, dying and diseased trees and other vegetation that interfere with emergency response and evacuation needs. Total allocations for this emergency are \$2,436,240.71. All work associated with this emergency is completed; applicants reimbursed and financially closed out. The Governor's declaration will remain open in support of promoting Forest Health.

F. ASPEN FIRE EMERGENCY (23004) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1477-AZ)

On June 17, 2003 the Aspen Fire ignited in Pima County. On June 19, 2003 the Governor proclaimed an emergency for Pima County. On June 24, 2003, the Governor amended the proclamation to include Pinal County. On July 14, 2003 the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration for Pima County for the Aspen Fire. The Federal Declaration approved Public Assistance and Mitigation Assistance. No Individual Assistance was approved. Total allocations for this emergency are \$1,215,575.

G. NORTHERN ARIZONA WINTER STORM EMERGENCY (25004) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1581-AZ)

Arizona was impacted by a series of strong winter storms December 28, 2004 – January 12, 2005. Large amounts of rain and record levels of snow received during the initial storm were followed by January storms that tapped into warm, moist Pacific air. Rapid snow melt occurred as warm rains fell on snow at mid-level elevations, which, along with the rain falling on already saturated ground resulted in widespread flooding throughout the northern and central parts of the state. Arizona residents suffered both loss of life and property damage.

On December 29, 2005 the Governor declared a state of emergency for the Northern Arizona Winter Storm Emergency for Coconino County followed by 3 amendments on December 30, 2004 to include Yavapai County, on January 4, 2005 to include Gila and Navajo Counties and on January 11, 2005 to include Apache, Maricopa and Mohave Counties.

On February 17, 2005, the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1581-DR-AZ) for Public Assistance and Mitigation Programs for Coconino, Gila, Mohave, Navajo and Yavapai Counties and the Hopi and Navajo Nations. The Tribal Governments work directly with DHS/FEMA and provide their own non-federal cost share. The Small Business Administration (SBA) declared an emergency for Mohave, Coconino, La Paz and Yavapai Counties, making low interest loans available to homeowners, renters, businesses of all sizes and private, non-profit organizations whose property was damaged or destroyed by the storms. The total estimated state obligation is \$2,252,113; current allocations for this emergency are \$1,958,035.22 leaving \$294,077.78 in outstanding state obligations.

H. FEBRUARY 2005 WINTER STORMS & FLOODING EMERGENCY (25005)

(Presidential Declaration FEMA-DR-1586-AZ)

On February 16, 2005 the Governor declared a state of emergency due to the February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding throughout central and eastern Arizona. Gila, Graham, Greenlee, Pinal and Yavapai Counties and the Town of Wickenburg (Maricopa County) all declared and were included in the Governor's declaration. On March 8, 2005, the declaration was amended to include all of Maricopa County and Mohave County.

On April 14, 2005 the President declared a Major Disaster Declaration (FEMA-1586-DR-AZ) for Public Assistance and Hazard Mitigation Grant Programs for the counties of Gila, Graham, Greenlee, Mohave, Pinal and Yavapai; the Havasupai Tribe, the Hopi Tribe, the San Carlos Apache Tribe and the portion of the Navajo Tribal Nation within the State of Arizona. The Tribal Governments work directly with DHS/FEMA and provide their own non-federal cost share. Maricopa County was not included in the Federal declaration. The total estimated state obligation is \$5,436,071; current allocations are \$3,470,000 leaving an estimated \$1,966,071 in outstanding state obligations.

I. ARIZONA-MEXICO INTERNATIONAL BORDER SECURITY EMERGENCY (26001)

On August 15, 2005, the Governor declared a state of emergency for the Arizona – Mexico International Border Security Emergency. The daily threat to public health and safety from the gangs, coyotes and others engaged in dangerous criminal activities is worsening and Arizona can no longer wait for the federal government to do their job. The declaration allows the state agencies and local governments within the counties of Cochise, Pima, Santa Cruz and Yuma to submit projects that will help to lessen the criminal activities along Arizona's International border. The Governor's declaration allocated \$200,000. On August 15, 2005 the Council allocated \$1,300,000 to this emergency. The Arizona Office of Homeland Security provided an additional \$200,000 for projects eligible

through their grant funds. Thirty-eight projects were approved and funded. To date \$1,374,699 has been reimbursed on the projects.

J. OPERATION GOOD NEIGHBOR (26003) (Presidential Declaration FEMA-EM-3241-AZ)

On September 3, 2005, the Governor declared a state of emergency in support of Hurricane Katrina, Arizona's Operation Good Neighbor. The Governor was requested by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to assist with the national state of emergency due to the catastrophic consequences of Hurricane Katrina. The state accepted this mission and committed to welcoming evacuees with open arms and providing them with food, shelter, transportation, health and medical services, schools for the children, job training, jobs and other assistance with their short and long term needs. The first evacuees arrived in Arizona on September 4, 2005. Currently, there are approximately 2,800 registered households living in Arizona.

Several volunteer, private and public organizations continue to donate a multitude of resources both financial and material. The outpouring of the caring citizens of Arizona was tremendous. As well, a number of state agencies participated with staff and resources.

The actual costs for Operation Good Neighbor were tracked and submitted to FEMA for 100% reimbursement. The Governor's declaration included an allocation of \$200,000. The Council allocated \$750,000 on September 12, 2005. We have received most of our reimbursement from FEMA. ADEM is coordinating the final reimbursements from FEMA. The Council reverted \$700,000 back to the Governor's Emergency Fund on June 23, 2006.

K. LA PAZ COUNTY SUMMER MONSOON EMERGENCY (26004) Beginning August 1, 2005 and continuing through August 23, 2005, heavy rains during the monsoon storms caused significant damage to public

rains during the monsoon storms caused significant damage to public infrastructure in areas around La Paz County, resulting in damages to numerous roads some of which were closed and impassable. On September 16, 2005 the Governor declared an emergency for La Paz County and directed \$100,000 for this emergency. All work has been completed and the applicants are in the process of audit and close out.

Current state share cost estimates for this emergency are \$650,000. The Council allocated \$250,000 on June 23, 2006 and \$300,000 on December 11, 2006.

L. PIMA COUNTY FLASH FLOOD EMERGENCY (26005)

On August 14, 2005 and August 23, 2005 intense heavy rains caused significant damage to public infrastructure throughout Pima County. The severe runoff resulted in damages to numerous roads, traffic lights, water well fields, berms, crossings and police vehicles.

On September 16, 2005 the Governor declared an emergency for the Pima County Flash Flood Emergency and allocated \$100,000 to the

emergency. Current state share cost estimates for this emergency are \$349,045. The Council allocated \$250,000 on June 23, 2006. The two applicants have been audited and closed out. This emergency is in the process of termination.

M. AZ PRE-SUPPRESSION WILDFIRE RESOURCES EMERGENCY (26006)

On February 22, 2006, the Governor declared an emergency due to the driest winter in recorded history coupled with above average temperatures and the earliest recorded start to a wildfire season. The entire state was threatened by extreme wildfire hazards. The 2006 State wildfire pre-suppression resources strategy required additional financial support. The declaration provided \$200,000 for pre-suppression resources to the Arizona State Land Department, Office of State Forester and the Arizona Division of Emergency Management. All projects are completed and the applicant is in the audit process.

N. BRINS WILDLAND FIRE EMERGENCY (26007)

On June 18, 2006 the Brins Fire ignited in the Coconino National Forest near the communities of Sedona and Oak Creek Canyon. Most of Oak Creek Canyon was evacuated; fire suppression resources responded from federal, state and local governments. The situation necessitated the activation of the AZ211 call center and the Governor declared an emergency on June 19, 2006. Included in the declaration was an allocation of \$25,000. All projects and audits have been completed and this emergency is in the process of termination.

O. GLASSY-WINGED SHARPSHOOTER EMERGENCY (26008)

On June 23, 2006 the Governor declared a state of emergency for the Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Emergency for Cochise County. The Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter is a known vector of *Xyella fastidiosa*, a bacteria that causes plant diseases such as Pierce's disease of grapes, almond leaf scorch, alfalfa dwarf, oleander leaf scorch, and citrus verigated chlorosis, that threaten the viability of wine, citrus and other agricultural and horticultural industries as well as public landscapes. The Governor's declaration allocated \$200,000 for this emergency.

The Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter has been detected in Arizona in a small isolated location in the city of Sierra Vista, Cochise County. As of July 17, 2006, over 100 adult Glassy-Winged Sharpshooters have been found within a three-mile square region in Sierra Vista. The Arizona Department of Agriculture has been placing detection traps, monitoring and eradicating the Sharpshooter. The eradication effort is ongoing in the Sierra Vista area, and they are conducting statewide surveys and detection activities.

The Arizona Department of Agriculture requested \$528,000 to continue this program through June 30, 2007. The Arizona Division of Emergency Management requested \$15,000 for the administration of the funds to include all necessary audits. The Council allocated the requested \$543,000 on August 1, 2006.

IV. ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL AND MEETINGS

A. THE ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP:

- Governor
- · Secretary of State
- Attorney General
- Adjutant General, Department of Emergency and Military Affairs
- Director, Division of Emergency Management
- Director, Department of Health Services
- Director, Department of Transportation
- Director, Department of Public Safety
- Director, Department of Agriculture
- Director, Department of Environmental Quality
- Director, Department of Water Resources
- Director, Department of Administration
- President, Arizona State Senate (Advisory Member)
- Speaker, Arizona House of Representatives (Advisory Member)

B. THE ARIZONA STATE EMERGENCY COUNCIL MEETINGS AND ACTIONS:

August 1, 2006 Meeting

- PROPOSAL #1: Supplemental funding for the Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Emergency (26008).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$543,000 for this proposal.

December 11, 2006 Meeting

- PROPOSAL #1: Supplemental funding for the Northern AZ Winter Storm Emergency (25004).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$500,000 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #2: Supplemental funding for the February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding Emergency (25005).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$1,200,000 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #3: Supplemental funding for the La Paz County Summer Monsoon Emergency (26004).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$300,000 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #4: Supplemental funding for the Summer 2006
 Monsoons & Flooding Emergency (27001).
 <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$300,000 for this proposal.

June 25, 2007 Meeting

- PROPOSAL #1: Supplemental funding for the Search and Rescue Contingency (70100).
- <u>COUNCIL ACTION</u>: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$65,000 for this proposal.
- PROPOSAL #2: Supplemental funding for the Summer 2006 Monsoons & Flooding Emergency (27001).
- COUNCIL ACTION: The Council unanimously approved to allocate \$672,000 plus the remaining balance of the un-allocated funds in the Governor's Emergency Fund on June 30, 2007 for this proposal. The remaining \$20,000 was allocated to this emergency on June 30, 2007.

V. CONTINGENCIES

A. STATEWIDE SEARCH AND RESCUE CONTINGENCY (70100)

There were 660 search and rescue mission identifiers issued to County Sheriffs for field operations during FY2007. County Sheriffs and State support agencies had a total reimbursement cost of \$206,139.17. The Governor allocated \$100,000 on November 30, 2006 and an additional \$100,000 on May 14, 2007 to pay claims received during FY2007. The Council allocated \$65,000 on June 25, 2007.

B. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CONTINGENCY (80100)

There were eight (8) hazardous materials incident responses supported by the Governor's HAZMAT Contingency Fund during the period July 1, 2006 to June 30, 2007 for \$15,795.49. The reimbursement requests reflect overtime costs for departments that were responding to declared hazmat emergencies which did not result in the responsible party being identified or able to support claims against them. Considering the number of responses and total cost, this still is a positive trend in reducing expenditures from the Governor's Hazmat Contingency Fund.

VI. GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES

See attached Table 1

VII. GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND EXPENDITURES

See attached Table 2

TABLE 1 GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS AND EXPENDITURES JULY 1, 2006 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2007

State Acct. Number PCA	Emergency Declaration	Starting Balance	FY 2007 Allocations	Reversion of Funds	Expenditures	B	Balance June 30, 2007
70100	Search and Rescue	\$ 11,347.80	\$ 265,000.00		\$ 206,139.17	₽	70,208.63
80100	Statewide Hazardous Materials	\$ 20,139.56			\$ 15,795.49	↔	4,344.07
	Arizona 2000	- 5			330 73	6	164 769 52
21104	Flood Emergency	\$ 165,009.24			D 77.657		20.607,40
22002	September Terrorism Incident	\$ 106,976.56			· ↔	8	106,976.56
22008	Rodeo/Chediski Fire Emergency	\$ 330.778.30			\$ 7,698.46	↔	323,079.84
	Forest Health						
23003	Emergency	\$ 58,502.32			\$ 281.75	ક્ક	58,220.57
23004	Aspen Fire Emergency	\$ 720,240.45			\$ 40,360.77	\$	679,879.68
	Miitgation Projects						
24105	2004 Emergency Funds	\$ 345,493.92			\$ 128,269.71	8	217,224.21
	Northern Arizona Winter						77
25004	Storm Emergency	\$ 719,844.88	\$ 500,000.00		\$ 668,075.56	2	551,769.32
25005	February 2005 Winter Storms and Flooding	\$ 833,064.88	\$ 1,200,000.00		\$ 1,401,842.16	8	631,222.72
	AZ/Mexico Internat'l Border						1
26001	Security Emergency	\$ 636,761.90			\$ 512,085.05	€9	124,676.85
26003	Operation Good Neighbor	\$ 82,366.85			\$ (73,879.50)	()	156,246.35
	La Paz County Summer					6	05 306 70
26004	Monsoon Emergency	\$ 299,330.69	\$ 300,000.00		\$ 550,054.90		201,233.13
	Pima County Flash	00 020 030			473 829 77	¥	95 048 62
20092	Flood Emergency	\$ 200,010,03				+	10:0:0
26006	AZ Pre-Suppression Wildfire Resources	\$ 37,003.05			\$ 1,214.08	છ	35,788.97
	Brins	550			4 16 747 46	¥	6 960 27
70092	Wildlire Emergency	\$ 23,101.13				+	1.000,0
26008	Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Infestation	\$ 200,000.00	\$ 543,000.00		\$ 379,748.25	69	363,251.75
27001	Summer 2006 Monsoons & Flooding		\$ 1,192,000.00		\$ 419,406.49		772,593.51
Total		\$ 4,859,446.52	Н	ι \$	\$ 4,235,889.29	_	\$ 4,623,557.23

TABLE 2 GOVERNOR'S EMERGENCY FUND EXPENDITURES JULY 1, 2006 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2007

Total Expenditures	206,139.17	15,795.49	239.72	·	7,698.46	281.75	40,360.77	128,269.71	668,075.56	1,401,842.16	512,085.05	(73,879.50)	338,034.90	173,829.77	\$ 1,214.08	\$ 16,747.46	\$ 379,748.25		\$ 4,235,889.29
Indirect 8600/9100 E	1,044.49 \$	852.65 \$	€	€9	1,136.32 \$	\$ 00.86	1,227.36 \$	\$ 69.629	10,833.49 \$	15,543.31 \$	4,695.16 \$	754.31 \$	970.88 \$	565.24 \$	203.65	1,619.08	253.62	-	95,100.00
	6	↔			69	€	€9	ь	69	€9	€	↔	69	€9	4	↔	↔	ь	69
Capital Equipment 8400																		_	49
Other Operating Expenditures 7000	4,406.87						\$ 1,264.86		\$ 534.12	\$ 393.70		\$ (4,153.51)				\$ 5,017.79		\$ 35,311.81	\$ 42,775.64
Aid To Organization 6800 E	183,954.20 \$	10,632.98					31,092.02	123,346.21	583,254.78	\$ 1,285,685.28	\$ 480,705.88	\$ (74,673.53)	\$ 330,868.92	\$ 168,328.35		\$ 2,656.97	\$ 378,315.00	\$ 6,035.92	\$ 3,510,202.98
Travel Out of State 6600 Or	υ-	₩.					67	<i>в</i>	\$ 154.00 \$			87						\$ 4,033.78	4.187.78
Travel		47.22			393.95	183.75	189.92		\$ 9,548.07	\$ 6,734.71	\$ 1,368.63	\$ 684.83	\$ 1,418.77	\$ 309.66	\$ 7.31	\$ 837.23		\$ 21,233.59	42 957 64
Professional and					9	φ.	φ.		\$ 6,527.36	\$ 6,716.84								<i>⊌</i> :	-
Employees Related	873.00	722.55	41.04		779.69		\$ 1,118.21	\$ 739.92	\$ 9,310.95	\$ 15,241.91	\$ 4,342.76	\$ 581.07	\$ 804.44	\$ 664.55	\$ 155.34	\$ 770.02	\$ 201.46	\$ 45 232 96	
	\$ 4.283 92 \$	3.540.09	198.68		5.388.50		\$ 5,468.40	_	\$ 47,912.79	71,526.41	20,972.62	2,927.33	\$ 3,971.89	\$ 3,961.97	\$ 847.78	\$ 5,846.37	\$ 978.17	e 246 362 46	
	Declaration Second Posterio	S	000 ergency		Rodeo/Chediski			rojects gency Funds		nter	3order	Operation Good Neighbor	La Paz County Summer Monsoon Emergency	Pima County Flash Flood Emergency	AZ Pre-Suppression Wildfire Resources	Brins Wildfire Emergency	Glassy-Winged Sharpshooter Infestation	Summer 2006	Monsoons & Flooding
State Acct.	Number PCA				22002	23003			25004	25005	26001	26003	26004	26005	26006	26007	26008		27001